

Septechnical • Construction Materials • Environmental • Facilities

August 13, 2021

Mr. Maurice Rudolph HYDRY Company, LLC 4314 Pablo Oaks Court Jacksonville, Florida 32224

ECS Project No. 35:29020-A1

Client ID: 3524

Reference: Preliminary Report of Geotechnical Exploration

River Landing Lot 63

Nocatee, St. Johns County, Florida

Dear Mr. Rudolph:

ECS Florida, LLC (ECS) has completed the requested preliminary geotechnical exploration in general accordance with our Proposal No. 35:17711-GPR dated April 5, 2021. The exploration was performed to explore the general subsurface conditions within the proposed lot area and to provide preliminary recommendations for foundation support.

Additional field testing should be performed to formulate detailed foundation design and site preparation and earthwork construction recommendations prior to final design. Once more detailed information regarding the proposed structure is developed, we should be given the opportunity to review and develop a supplemental design-phase scope of services.

PROJECT INFORMATION

The general site location is shown on the Site Location Diagram (Figure 1). At the time of our exploration, the site was undeveloped, with ground surface cover consisting of brush and trees. Surface water was not observed near the planned building area at the time of our exploration.

You provided a copy of a site plan for the subject site. This plan indicates the boundary limits for the property and the existing roadways adjacent to the site. However, we note the location of the proposed structure(s) was not available to our office at the time of this report preparation.

The following information explains our assumptions of the planned development.

SUBJECT	DESIGN INFORMATION / ASSUMPTIONS						
# of Stories	3 stories above grade						
Usage	Residential						
Column Loads ⁽¹⁾	50 kips						
Wall Loads ⁽¹⁾	3 kips per linear foot (klf) maximum						
Floor Loads ⁽¹⁾	150 pounds per square foot (psf) maximum						
Fill and Cut Heights	Assumed a maximum of 3 feet of fill and only minor cuts, from existing site grades						

⁽¹⁾ If actual structural loads differ from these assumed loads ECS must be contacted immediately in order to revise building foundation recommendations and settlement calculations, as needed.

FIELD EXPLORATION

We performed a field exploration on August 4, 2021 and August 5, 2021. The approximate boring locations are indicated on the attached Field Exploration Diagram (Figure 2). Our personnel determined the boring locations using a handheld Global Positioning System (GPS) unit. The boring locations on the referenced Field Exploration Diagram should be considered accurate only to the degree implied by the method of measurement used.

We located and performed two Standard Penetration Test (SPT) borings, drilled to depths of approximately 25 feet below the existing ground surface, in general accordance with the methodology outlined in ASTM D 1586 and two auger borings, drilled to depths of approximately 10 feet below the existing ground surface in general accordance with the methodology outlined in ASTM D 1452 to explore the subsurface conditions within the lot area. Soil samples recovered during performance of the borings were visually classified in the field and representative portions of the samples were transported to our laboratory for further evaluation. Our exploration procedures are explained in greater detail in Appendix B including the insert titled Subsurface Exploration Procedures.

VISUAL CLASSIFICATION

Each sample was visually classified on the basis of texture and plasticity in accordance with ASTM D2488 Standard Practice for Description and Identification of Soils (Visual-Manual Procedures) and including USCS classification symbols. After classification, the samples were grouped in the major zones noted on the boring logs in Appendix B. The group symbols for each soil type are indicated in parentheses along with the soil descriptions. The stratification lines between strata on the logs are approximate; in situ, the transitions may be gradual.

GENERAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

A graphical presentation of the generalized subsurface conditions is presented on Figure 3. It should be understood that the soil conditions will vary between the boring locations and in areas of the site not explored during our visit. The following table summarizes the soil conditions encountered.

Typical De	pth (ft)	Stratum	Description
From	То		2
Existing Ground Surface	0.5 – 1	N/A	Topsoil
0.5 – 1	5 - 8	1	Very Loose to Loose SAND (SP), Some Shell Fragments, Moist to Wet
5 – 8	12 – 17	Ш	Loose to Medium Dense SAND WITH CLAY (SP-SC) and CLAYEY SAND (SC), Wet
12 – 17	25	III	Medium Dense to Dense SAND (SP), Wet

As exceptions, Borings NB99 and NB100 encountered a layer of organic material (clayey sand with roots and sand with wood) at depths between approximately 5 feet to 7 feet and 12 feet and 17 feet below existing grades, respectively. We do not consider these layers suitable to remain in place below proposed structures.

A graphical presentation of the subsurface conditions is shown on the Generalized Subsurface Soil Profiles in Appendix A.

Groundwater was encountered at each boring location and recorded at the time of drilling at depths varying from 1.5 feet to 3.1 feet below the existing ground surface. We note that groundwater levels will fluctuate due to seasonal climatic variations, surface water runoff patterns, construction operations, and other interrelated factors. The groundwater depth at each boring location is noted on the Generalized Subsurface Profiles and on the Log of Boring records.

PRELIMINARY DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

Our geotechnical engineering evaluation of the site and subsurface conditions at the property, with respect to the planned construction and our recommendations for earthwork and foundation support, are based on (1) our site observations, (2) the field and laboratory test data obtained, (3) our understanding of the project information and structural conditions as presented in this report, and (4) our experience with similar soil and loading conditions.

Additional field testing should be performed to formulate detailed foundation design and site preparation and earthwork construction recommendations prior to final design. Also, the discovery of any site or subsurface conditions during construction that deviate from the data obtained during this geotechnical exploration should also be reported to us for our evaluation.

Based on the above preliminary evaluation of the site and subsurface conditions at the borings with respect to the anticipated construction, it appears the proposed structure can be constructed on a deep foundation system.

Deep Foundation Support

The organic-containing soils and very loose clayey sands can be left in-place if the proposed structure (including the floor slabs) is supported by deep foundations. There are several types of deep foundations; however, based on our experience with similar projects and soil conditions, Auger Cast In-Place (ACIP) piles are applicable. ACIP piles are constructed by drilling into the subsurface material with a continuous flight auger which is pulled upward (after achieving the required length) while cement grout is pumped under

pressure through the auger. Based on our experience with similar soil conditions, we expect that a 14-inch ACIP bearing 20-feet below the existing grades may develop an axial capacity on the order of 11 tons.

REPORT LIMITATIONS

Our geotechnical exploration has been performed, our findings obtained, and our recommendations prepared, in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering principles and practices. ECS is not responsible for any independent conclusions, interpretation, opinions, or recommendations made by others based on the data contained in this report. Additional field testing should be performed to formulate detailed foundation design and site preparation and earthwork construction recommendations prior to final design.

Respectfully Submitted

ECS FLORIDA, LLC

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APPENDICES

Appendix A - Drawings & Reports

- Figure 1 Site Location Diagram
- Figure 2 Field Exploration Diagram
- Figure 3 Generalized Subsurface Profiles

Appendix B – Field Operations

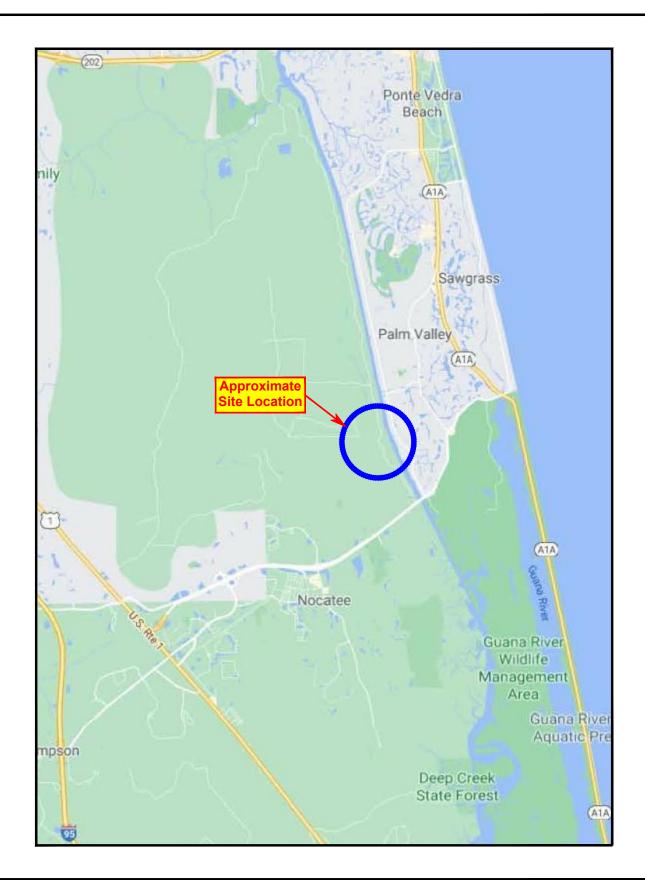
- Reference Notes for Boring Logs
- Subsurface Exploration Procedure: Standard Penetration Testing (SPT)
- Boring Logs

Appendix A – Drawings & Reports

Figure 1 - Site Location Diagram

Figure 2 - Field Exploration Diagram

Figures 3 - Generalized Subsurface Soil Profile





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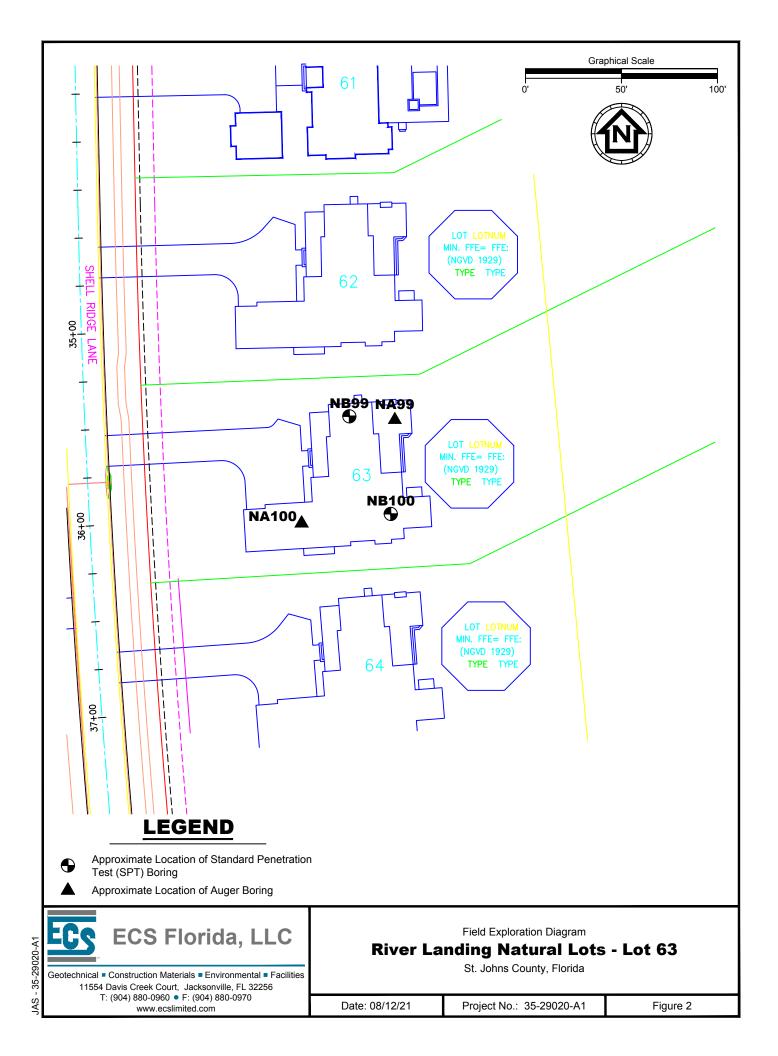
Geotechnical ■ Construction Materials ■ Environmental ■ Facilities 11554 Davis Creek Court, Jacksonville, FL 32256 T: (904) 880-0960 • F: (904) 880-0970 www.ecslimited.com

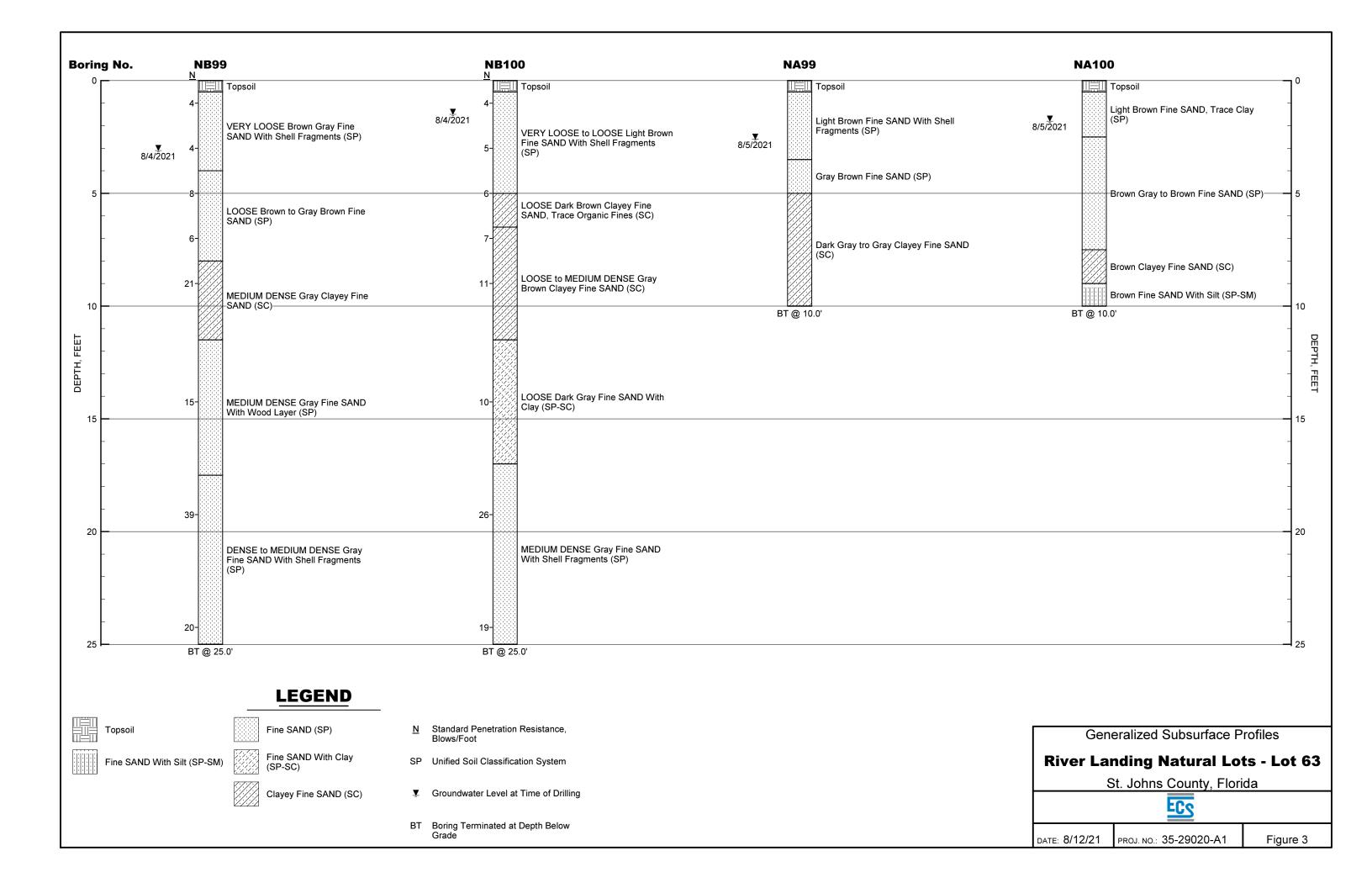
Site Location Diagram

River Landing Natural Lots - Lot 63

St. Johns County, Florida







Appendix B – Field Operations

Reference Notes for Boring Logs
Subsurface Exploration Procedure: Standard Penetration Testing (SPT)
Boring Logs



REFERENCE NOTES FOR BORING LOGS

MATERIAL ¹	,2	
	ASPI	HALT
	CON	CRETE
	GRA	VEL
	TOPS	SOIL
	VOID	
	BRIC	κ
	AGG	REGATE BASE COURSE
	GW	WELL-GRADED GRAVEL gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
\$0°.0	GP	POORLY-GRADED GRAVEL gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
	GM	SILTY GRAVEL gravel-sand-silt mixtures
Z, J	GC	CLAYEY GRAVEL gravel-sand-clay mixtures
^	sw	WELL-GRADED SAND gravelly sand, little or no fines
	SP	POORLY-GRADED SAND gravelly sand, little or no fines
	SM	SILTY SAND sand-silt mixtures
///	sc	CLAYEY SAND sand-clay mixtures
	ML	SILT non-plastic to medium plasticity
	МН	ELASTIC SILT high plasticity
	CL	LEAN CLAY low to medium plasticity
	СН	FAT CLAY high plasticity
<i>}}</i>	OL	ORGANIC SILT or CLAY non-plastic to low plasticity
	ОН	ORGANIC SILT or CLAY high plasticity
7 7 7 7	PT	PEAT highly organic soils
7		

	DRILLING SAMPLING SYMBOLS & ABBREVIATIONS										
SS	Split Spoon Sampler	PM	Pressuremeter Test								
ST	Shelby Tube Sampler	RD	Rock Bit Drilling								
ws	Wash Sample	RC	Rock Core, NX, BX, AX								
BS	Bulk Sample of Cuttings	REC	Rock Sample Recovery %								
PA	Power Auger (no sample)	RQD	Rock Quality Designation %								
HSA	Hollow Stem Auger										

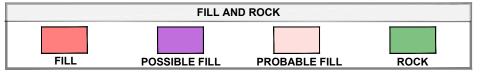
PARTICLE SIZE IDENTIFICATION								
DESIGNATION		PARTICLE SIZES						
Boulders		12 inches (300 mm) or larger						
Cobbles		3 inches to 12 inches (75 mm to 300 mm)						
Gravel:	Coarse	3/4 inch to 3 inches (19 mm to 75 mm)						
	Fine	4.75 mm to 19 mm (No. 4 sieve to 3/4 inch)						
Sand:	Coarse	2.00 mm to 4.75 mm (No. 10 to No. 4 sieve)						
	Medium	0.425 mm to 2.00 mm (No. 40 to No. 10 sieve)						
Fine		0.074 mm to 0.425 mm (No. 200 to No. 40 sieve)						
Silt & Cla	ay ("Fines")	<0.074 mm (smaller than a No. 200 sieve)						

COHESIN	/E SILTS &	CLAYS
UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, QP ⁴	SPT ⁵ (BPF)	CONSISTENCY ⁷ (COHESIVE)
<0.25	<2	Very Soft
0.25 - <0.50	3 - 4	Soft
0.50 - <1.00	5 - 8	Firm
1.00 - <2.00	9 - 15	Stiff
2.00 - <4.00	16 - 30	Very Stiff
4.00 - 8.00	31 - 50	Hard
>8.00	>50	Very Hard

RELATIVE AMOUNT ⁷	COARSE GRAINED (%) ⁸	FINE GRAINED (%) ⁸					
Trace	<u><</u> 5	<u><</u> 5					
With	10 - 20	10 - 25					
Adjective (ex: "Silty")	25 - 45	30 - 45					

GRAVELS, SANDS 8	NON-COHESIVE SILTS
SPT ⁵	DENSITY
<5	Very Loose
5 - 10	Loose
11 - 30	Medium Dense
31 - 50	Dense
>50	Very Dense

	WATER LEVELS ⁶							
$\overline{\underline{\Box}}$	WL (First Encountered)							
T	WL (Completion)							
$ar{ar{ar{\Lambda}}}$	WL (Seasonal High Water)							
<u></u>	WL (Stabilized)							



¹Classifications and symbols per ASTM D 2488-17 (Visual-Manual Procedure) unless noted otherwise.

²To be consistent with general practice, "POORLY GRADED" has been removed from GP, GP-GM, GP-GC, SP, SP-SM, SP-SC soil types on the boring logs.

³Non-ASTM designations are included in soil descriptions and symbols along with ASTM symbol [Ex: (SM-FILL)].

⁴Typically estimated via pocket penetrometer or Torvane shear test and expressed in tons per square foot (tsf).

⁵Standard Penetration Test (SPT) refers to the number of hammer blows (blow count) of a 140 lb. hammer falling 30 inches on a 2 inch OD split spoon sampler required to drive the sampler 12 inches (ASTM D 1586). "N-value" is another term for "blow count" and is expressed in blows per foot (bpf). SPT correlations per 7.4.2 Method B and need to be corrected if using an auto hammer.

⁶The water levels are those levels actually measured in the borehole at the times indicated by the symbol. The measurements are relatively reliable when augering, without adding fluids, in granular soils. In clay and cohesive silts, the determination of water levels may require several days for the water level to stabilize. In such cases, additional methods of measurement are generally employed.

⁷Minor deviation from ASTM D 2488-17 Note 14.

 $^{^8\}mbox{Percentages}$ are estimated to the nearest 5% per ASTM D 2488-17.



SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION PROCEDURE: STANDARD PENETRATION TESTING (SPT) ASTM D 1586

Split-Barrel Sampling

Standard Penetration Testing, or **SPT**, is the most frequently used subsurface exploration test performed worldwide. This test provides samples for identification purposes, as well as a measure of penetration resistance, or N-value. The N-Value, or blow counts, when corrected and correlated, can approximate engineering properties of soils used for geotechnical design and engineering purposes.

SPT Procedure:

- Involves driving a hollow tube (split-spoon) into the ground by dropping a 140-lb hammer a height of 30-inches at desired depth
- Recording the number of hammer blows required to drive split-spoon a distance of 12 inches (in 3 or 4 Increments of 6 inches each)
- Auger is advanced* and an additional SPT is performed
- One SPT test is typically performed for every two to five feet
- Obtain two-inch diameter soil sample





^{*}Drilling Methods May Vary— The predominant drilling methods used for SPT are open hole fluid rotary drilling and hollow-stem auger drilling.



LOG OF BORING

Project No.: <u>35-29020-A1</u>
Boring No.: <u>NB99</u>
Sheet <u>1</u> of <u>1</u>

Project: River Landing Natural Lots - Lot 63

Client: HyDry Company, LLC

Drill Rig: 104A

Driller: C. Morgan

Drill Rod: AWJ

Drill Nud: Super Gel-X

Casing Size:

Groundwater Depth: 3.1 ft Time: Drilling

Date: 8/4/21

Boring Begun: 8/4/21

Boring Completed: 8/4/21

Ground	lwater L	epth	: <u>3.1 ft</u> Time: <u>Drilling</u> Date: <u>8/4/21</u>	Borı	ng Be	gun:	8/4/2	1		Bor	ıng (_`omj	pleted: <u>8/</u>	1/21
SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH, FEET	SAMPLE TYPE	DESCRIPTION	BLOWS PER 6 IN.	N Value	PERCENT ORGANIC MATERIAL	PERCENT PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE	• OPLASTIC LIMIT		+ MOISIORE + CONTENT	30		(k Pocket Pe Undisturbe Pocket Pe Disturbed Torvane Unconfine Triaxial Co	TRENGTH sf) unetrometer ed Sample unetrometer sample d Compression ompression 1 2
	<u> </u> 0 −	-	Горsoil	2				-	! -	+	+	ᆂ	 	 ' ! '
1		,	VERY LOOSE Brown Gray Fine SAND With Shell Fragments (SP)	2 2 3	4									
2			▼	3 2 2 2	4									
3	5		LOOSE Brown Fine SAND (SP)	4 4 4 2	8									
4]	LOOSE Gray Brown Fine SAND (SP)	2 3 3 4	6									
5	10]	MEDIUM DENSE Gray Clayey Fine SAND (SC)	8 9 12 14	21									
]	MEDIUM DENSE Gray Fine SAND With Wood Layer (SP)											
6	15			8 7 8	15									
]	DENSE to MEDIUM DENSE Gray Fine SAND With Shell Fragments (SP)	15										
7	20			15 20 19	39									
8	25		(2000)	11 10 10	20									
Remar			Boring reminated (a) 23 ft.											
Kemar	r.o													



LOG OF BORING

Project No.: 35-29020-A1
Boring No.: NB100
Sheet 1 of 1

Project: River Landing Natural Lots - Lot 63

Client: HyDry Company, LLC

Drill Rig: 104A

Driller: C. Morgan

Drill Rod: AWJ

Drill Mud: Super Gel-X

Casing Size:

Groundwater Depth: 1.5 ft Time: Drilling

Date: 8/4/21

Boring Begun: 8/5/21

Boring Completed: 8/5/21

SAMPLE NO.	O DEPTH, FEET	SAMPLE TYPE	DESCRIPTION	BLOWS PER 6 IN		PERCENT ORGANIC MATERIAL		10	+ MOISTURE CONTENT		Pocket Pe Undisturbe Pocket Pe Disturbed ▼ Torvane Unconfine ▼ Triaxial Co	TRENGTH sf) netrometer d Sample netrometer Sample d Compression
1			Topsoil VERY LOOSE to LOOSE Light Brown Fine SAND With Shell Fragments (SP)	1 2 2 3	4							
2				4 3 2 2	5							
3	5 =		LOOSE Dark Brown Clayey Fine SAND, Trace Organic Fines (SC)	2 3 4 3	6							
4			LOOSE to MEDIUM DENSE Gray Brown Clayey Fine SAND (SC)	3 4 5 3	7					-		
5	10			4 7 11	11							
			LOOSE Dark Gray Fine SAND With Clay (SP-SC)									
6	15			3 3 7								
			MEDIUM DENSE Gray Fine SAND With Shell Fragments (SP)	7	,							
7	20			7 10 16	0 26							
8				10 7 12	0 19							
Remar	⊏ 25 = ks		Boring Terminated @ 25 ft.	14	_ 19							1 , , ,



Remarks

LOG OF BORING

Project No.: <u>35-29020-A1</u>
Boring No.: <u>NA99</u>
Sheet <u>1</u> of <u>1</u>

Project: River Landing Natural Lots - Lot 63 Client: HyDry Company, LLC Drill Rig: 104A Driller: C. Morgan Boring Location: See Field Exploration Plan Drill Rod: Flight Auger Drill Mud: Casing Size: Length of Casing: 8/5/21 Groundwater Depth: <u>2.6 ft</u> Time: Drilling Date: Boring Begun: Boring Completed: 8/5/21 SHEAR STRENGTH PERCENT ORGANIC PERCENT PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE (ksf) **BLOWS PER 6 IN. OPLASTIC LIMIT** SAMPLE TYPE DEPTH, FEET **CLIQUID LIMIT** Pocket Penetrometer Undisturbed Sample SAMPLE NO. N Value Pocket Penetrometer Disturbed Sample **DESCRIPTION** ▼ Torvane Unconfined Compression 40 0 Topsoil Light Brown Fine SAND With Shell Fragments Gray Brown Fine SAND (SP) 2 5 Dark Gray Clayey Fine SAND (SC) 3 Gray Clayey Fine SAND (SC) 4 10 Boring Terminated @ 10 ft. 15 20



LOG OF BORING

Project No.: 35-29020-A1
Boring No.: NA100
Sheet 1 of 1

Project: River Landing Natural Lots - Lot 63 Client: HyDry Company, LLC Drill Rig: 104A Driller: C. Morgan Boring Location: See Field Exploration Plan Drill Rod: Flight Auger Drill Mud: Casing Size: Length of Casing: 8/5/21 Groundwater Depth: <u>1.8 ft</u> Time: Drilling Date: Boring Begun: Boring Completed: 8/4/21 SHEAR STRENGTH PERCENT ORGANIC PERCENT PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE (ksf) **BLOWS PER 6 IN. OPLASTIC LIMIT** SAMPLE TYPE **CLIQUID LIMIT** Pocket Penetrometer Undisturbed Sample SAMPLE NO. DEPTH, FEET N Value Pocket Penetrometer Disturbed Sample **DESCRIPTION** ▼ Torvane Unconfined Compression 40 0 Topsoil Light Brown Fine SAND, Trace Clay (SP) 1 Brown Gray Fine SAND (SP) 5 Brown Fine SAND (SP) 3 Brown Clayey Fine SAND (SC) 4 Brown Fine SAND With Silt (SP-SM) 5 10 Boring Terminated @ 10 ft. 15 20 Remarks